(0.1.10)

(Original Signature of Member)

118TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H. R. 7683

To amend the Higher Education Act of 1965 to require institutions of higher education to adopt and adhere to principles of free speech, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Williams of New York introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on _____

A BILL

To amend the Higher Education Act of 1965 to require institutions of higher education to adopt and adhere to principles of free speech, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Respecting the First
- 5 Amendment on Campus Act".

1	SEC. 2. SENSE OF CONGRESS.
2	The Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001
3	et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 112 the fol-
4	lowing new section:
5	"SEC. 112A. SENSE OF CONGRESS; CONSTRUCTION; DEFINI-
6	TION.
7	"(a) Sense of Congress.—
8	"(1) Adoption of Chicago Principles.—The
9	Congress—
10	"(A) recognizes that free expression, open
11	inquiry, and the honest exchange of ideas are
12	fundamental to higher education;
13	"(B) acknowledges the profound contribu-
14	tion of the Chicago Principles to the freedom of
15	speech and expression; and
16	"(C) calls on nonsectarian institutions of
17	higher education to adopt the Chicago Prin-
18	ciples or substantially similar principles with re-
19	spect to institutional mission that emphasizes a
20	commitment to freedom of speech and expres-
21	sion on university campuses and to develop and
22	consistently implement policies accordingly.
23	"(2) POLITICAL LITMUS TESTS.—The Con-
24	gress—
25	"(A) condemns public institutions of high-
26	er education for conditioning admission to any

1	student applicant, or the hiring, reappointment,
2	or promotion of any faculty member, on the ap-
3	plicant or faculty member pledging allegiance to
4	or making a statement of personal support for
5	or opposition to any political ideology or move-
6	ment, including a pledge or statement regarding
7	diversity, equity, and inclusion, or related top-
8	ics; and
9	"(B) discourages any institution from re-
10	questing or requiring any such pledge or state-
11	ment from an applicant or faculty member, as
12	such actions are antithetical to the freedom of
13	speech protected by the First Amendment to
14	the Constitution.
15	"(b) Construction.—Nothing in sections 112B
16	through 112E shall be construed to infringe upon, or oth-
17	erwise impact, the protections provided to individuals
18	under titles VI and VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964
19	(42 U.S.C. 2000d et seq.).
20	"(c) Definition.—For purposes of sections 112C,
21	112D, and 112E, the term 'covered public institution'
22	means an institution of higher education that is—
23	"(1) a public institution; and
24	"(2) participating in a program authorized
25	under title IV.".

1	SEC. 3. DISCLOSURE OF FREE SPEECH POLICIES.
2	The Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001
3	et seq.), as amended by section 2 of this Act, is further
4	amended by inserting after section 112A the following new
5	section:
6	"SEC. 112B. DISCLOSURE OF POLICIES RELATED TO FREE-
7	DOM OF SPEECH, ASSOCIATION, AND RELI-
8	GION.
9	"(a) In General.—No institution of higher edu-
10	cation shall be eligible to participate in any program under
11	title IV unless the institution certifies to the Secretary
12	that the institution has annually disclosed to current and
13	prospective students and faculty—
14	"(1) any policies held by the institutions related
15	to—
16	"(A) speech on campus, including policies
17	limiting—
18	"(i) the time when such speech may
19	occur;
20	"(ii) the place where such speech may
21	occur; or
22	"(iii) the manner in which such
23	speech may occur;
24	"(B) freedom of association, if applicable;
25	and
26	"(C) freedom of religion, if applicable; and

1	"(2) the right to a cause of action under section
2	112E, if the institution is a public institution.
3	"(b) Intended Beneficiaries.—The certification
4	specified in subsection (a) shall include an acknowledg-
5	ment from the institution that the students and faculty
6	are the intended beneficiaries of the policies disclosed in
7	the certification.".
8	SEC. 4. FREEDOM OF ASSOCIATION AND RELIGION.
9	The Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001
10	et seq.), as amended by section 3 of this Act, is further
11	amended by inserting after section 112B the following new
12	section:
13	"SEC. 112C. FREEDOM OF ASSOCIATION AND RELIGION.
14	"(a) Students' Bill of Rights to Further Pro-
15	TECT SPEECH AND ASSOCIATION.—
16	"(1) Protected rights.—A covered public in-
17	stitution shall comply with the following require-
18	ments:
19	"(A) Recognized student organiza-
20	TIONS.—A covered public institution that has
21	recognized student organizations shall comply
22	with the following requirements:
23	"(i) FACULTY ADVISORS.—
24	"(I) In General.—A covered
25	public institution may not deny rec-

1	ognition to a student organization be-
2	cause the organization is unable to ob-
3	tain a faculty advisor or sponsor, if
4	the organization meets each of the
5	other content- and viewpoint-neutral
6	institutional requirements for such
7	recognition.
8	"(II) Alternative.—An institu-
9	tion described in subclause (I) shall
10	ensure that any policy or practice re-
11	lated to the recognition of a student
12	organization—
13	"(aa) in the case of an orga-
14	nization that meets each of the
15	other content- and viewpoint-neu-
16	tral institutional requirements for
17	such recognition but is unable to
18	obtain a faculty advisor or spon-
19	sor, provides for an alternative to
20	any requirement that a faculty or
21	staff member serve as the faculty
22	advisor or sponsor as a condition
23	for recognition of the student or-
24	ganization, which alternative may
25	include—

1	"(AA) waiver of such
2	requirement; or
3	"(BB) the institution
4	assigning a faculty or staff
5	member to such organiza-
6	tion; and
7	"(bb) does not require a fac-
8	ulty or staff member of the insti-
9	tution assigned to serve as fac-
10	ulty advisor pursuant to item
11	(aa)(BB) to participate in, or
12	support, the organization other
13	than by performing the purely
14	administrative functions required
15	of a faculty advisor.
16	"(ii) Appeal options for recogni-
17	TION.—
18	"(I) IN GENERAL.—A covered
19	public institution shall provide an ap-
20	peals process by which a student orga-
21	nization that has been denied recogni-
22	tion by the institution may appeal to
23	an institutional appellate entity for re-
24	consideration.

1	"(II) REQUIREMENTS.—The ap-
2	peal process shall—
3	"(aa) require the covered
4	public institution to provide a
5	written explanation for the basis
6	for the denial of recognition in a
7	timely manner, which shall in-
8	clude a copy of all policies relied
9	upon by the institution as a basis
10	for the denial;
11	"(bb) require the covered
12	public institution to provide writ-
13	ten notice to the students seeking
14	recognition of the appeal process
15	and the timeline for hearing and
16	resolving the appeal;
17	"(ce) allow the students
18	seeking recognition to obtain out-
19	side counsel to represent them
20	during the appeal; and
21	"(dd) ensure that such ap-
22	pellate entity did not participate
23	in any prior proceeding related to
24	the denial of recognition to the
25	student organization.

1	"(B) Distribution of funds to stu-
2	DENT ORGANIZATIONS.—A covered public insti-
3	tution that collects a mandatory fee from stu-
4	dents for the costs of student activities or
5	events (or both), and provides funds generated
6	from such student fees to one or more recog-
7	nized student organizations of the institution,
8	shall—
9	"(i) establish and make publicly avail-
10	able clear, objective, content- and view-
11	point-neutral, and exhaustive standards to
12	be used by the institution to determine—
13	"(I) the total amount of funds
14	made available for allocations to the
15	recognized student organizations; and
16	"(II) the allocations of such total
17	amount to individual recognized stu-
18	dent organizations;
19	"(ii) ensure that allocations are made
20	to the recognized student organizations in
21	accordance with the standards established
22	pursuant to clause (i);
23	"(iii) upon the request of a recognized
24	student organization that has been denied
25	all or a portion of an allocation described

1	in clause (ii), provide to the organization,
2	in writing (which may include electronic
3	communication) and in a timely manner,
4	the specific reasons for such denial, copies
5	of all policies relied upon by the institution
6	as basis for the denial, and information of
7	the appeals process described in clause
8	(iv); and
9	"(iv) provide an appeals process by
10	which a recognized student organization
11	that has been denied all or a portion of an
12	allocation described in clause (ii) may ap-
13	peal to an institutional appellate entity for
14	reconsideration, which appeals process—
15	"(I) shall require the covered
16	public institution to provide written
17	notice to the students seeking an allo-
18	cation through the appeal process and
19	the timeline for hearing and resolving
20	the appeal;
21	"(II) allow the students seeking
22	an allocation to obtain outside counsel
23	to represent them during the appeal;
24	and

1	"(III) require the institution to
2	ensure that such appellate entity did
3	not participate in any prior pro-
4	ceeding related to such allocation.
5	"(C) Assessment of security fees for
6	EVENTS.—A covered public institution shall es-
7	tablish and make publicly available clear, objec-
8	tive, content- and viewpoint-neutral, and ex-
9	haustive standards to be used by the institution
10	to—
11	"(i) determine the amount of any se-
12	curity fee for an event or activity organized
13	by a student or student organization; and
14	"(ii) ensure that a determination of
15	such an amount may not be based, in
16	whole or in part, on—
17	"(I) the content of expression or
18	viewpoint of the student or student
19	organization;
20	"(II) the content of expression of
21	the event or activity organized by the
22	student or student organization;
23	"(III) the content of expression
24	or viewpoint of an invited guest of the
25	student or student organization; or

1	"(IV) an anticipated reaction by
2	students or the public to the event.
3	"(D) Protections for invited guests
4	AND SPEAKERS.—A covered public institution
5	shall establish and make publicly available
6	clear, objective, content- and viewpoint-neutral,
7	and exhaustive standards to be used by the in-
8	stitution related to the safety and protection of
9	speakers and guests who are invited to the in-
10	stitution by a student or student organization.
11	"(2) Definitions.—In this subsection:
12	"(A) Recognized student organiza-
13	TION.—The term 'recognized student organiza-
14	tion' means a student organization that has
15	been determined by a covered public institution
16	to meet institutional requirements to qualify for
17	certain privileges granted by the institution,
18	such as use of institutional venues, resources,
19	and funding.
20	"(B) Security fee.—The term 'security
21	fee' means a fee charged to a student or stu-
22	dent organization for an event or activity orga-
23	nized by the student or student organization on
24	the campus of the institution that is intended to
25	cover some or all of the costs incurred by the

1	institution for additional security measures
2	needed to ensure the security of the institution,
3	students, faculty, staff, or surrounding commu-
4	nity as a result of such event or activity.
5	"(b) Equal Campus Access.—A covered public in-
6	stitution shall not deny to a religious student organization
7	any right, benefit, or privilege that is otherwise afforded
8	to other student organizations at the institution (including
9	full access to the facilities of the institution and official
10	recognition of the organization by the institution) because
11	of the religious beliefs, practices, speech, leadership stand-
12	ards, or standards of conduct of the religious student or-
10	manigation
13	ganization.
13 14	"(c) Freedom of Association.—
14	"(c) Freedom of Association.—
14 15	"(c) Freedom of Association.— "(1) Upholding freedom of Association
141516	"(c) Freedom of Association.— "(1) Upholding freedom of Association Protections.—Any student (or group of students)
14151617	"(c) Freedom of Association.— "(1) Upholding freedom of Association Protections.—Any student (or group of students) enrolled in an institution of higher education that
1415161718	"(c) Freedom of Association.— "(1) Upholding freedom of Association Protections.—Any student (or group of students) enrolled in an institution of higher education that receives funds under this Act, including through an
141516171819	"(c) Freedom of Association.— "(1) Upholding freedom of Association Protections.—Any student (or group of students) enrolled in an institution of higher education that receives funds under this Act, including through an institution's participation in any program under title
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	"(c) Freedom of Association.— "(1) Upholding freedom of association protections.—Any student (or group of students) enrolled in an institution of higher education that receives funds under this Act, including through an institution's participation in any program under title IV, shall—
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	"(c) Freedom of Association.— "(1) Upholding freedom of association Protections.—Any student (or group of students) enrolled in an institution of higher education that receives funds under this Act, including through an institution's participation in any program under title IV, shall— "(A) subject to paragraph (3)(A), be able
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	"(c) Freedom of Association.— "(1) Upholding freedom of association Protections.—Any student (or group of students) enrolled in an institution of higher education that receives funds under this Act, including through an institution's participation in any program under title IV, shall— "(A) subject to paragraph (3)(A), be able to form a single-sex social organization, whether

1	"(C) if selected for membership by any sin-
2	gle-sex social organization, be able to join, and
3	participate in, such single-sex organization, sub-
4	ject to its standards for regulating its own
5	membership, as provided under paragraph
6	(3)(C).
7	"(2) Non-retaliation against students of
8	SINGLE-SEX SOCIAL ORGANIZATIONS.—An institu-
9	tion of higher education that receives funds under
10	this Act, including through an institution's partici-
11	pation in any program under title IV, shall not—
12	"(A) take any action to require or coerce
13	a student or prospective student who is a mem-
14	ber or prospective member of a single-sex social
15	organization to waive the protections provided
16	under paragraph (1), including as a condition
17	of enrolling in the institution;
18	"(B) take any adverse action against a sin-
19	gle-sex social organization, or a student who is
20	a member or a prospective member of a single-
21	sex social organization, based on the member-
22	ship practice of such organization limiting
23	membership only to individuals of one sex; or
24	"(C) impose a recruitment restriction (in-
25	cluding a recruitment restriction relating to the

1	schedule for membership recruitment) on a sin-
2	gle-sex social organization recognized by the in-
3	stitution, which is not imposed upon other stu-
4	dent organizations by the institution, unless the
5	organization (or a council of similar organiza-
6	tions) and the institution have entered into a
7	mutually agreed-upon written agreement that
8	allows the institution to impose such restriction.
9	"(3) Rules of Construction.—Nothing in
10	this subsection shall—
11	"(A) require an institution of higher edu-
12	cation to officially recognize a single-sex social
13	organization;
14	"(B) prohibit an institution of higher edu-
15	cation from taking an adverse action against a
16	student who organizes, leads, or joins a single-
17	sex social organization—
18	"(i) due to academic or nonacademic
19	misconduct; or
20	"(ii)(I) for public institutions, because
21	the organization's purpose is directed to
22	inciting or producing imminent lawless ac-
23	tion and likely to incite or produce such
24	action; or

1	"(II) for private institutions, because
2	the organization's purpose is incompatible
3	with the religious mission of the institu-
4	tion, so long as that adverse action is not
5	based on the membership practice of the
6	organization of limiting membership only
7	to individuals of one sex;
8	"(C) prevent a single-sex social organiza-
9	tion from regulating its own membership;
10	"(D) inhibit the ability of the faculty of an
11	institution of higher education to express an
12	opinion (either individually or collectively) about
13	membership in a single-sex social organization,
14	or otherwise inhibit the academic freedom of
15	such faculty to research, write, or publish mate-
16	rial about membership in such an organization;
17	or
18	"(E) create enforceable rights against a
19	single-sex social organization or against an in-
20	stitution of higher education due to the decision
21	of the organization to deny membership to an
22	individual student.
23	"(4) Definitions.—In this subsection:
24	"(A) ADVERSE ACTION.—The term 'ad-
25	verse action' includes the following actions

1	taken by an institution of higher education with
2	respect to a single-sex social organization or a
3	member or prospective member of a single-sex
4	social organization:
5	"(i) Expulsion, suspension, probation,
6	censure, condemnation, formal reprimand,
7	or any other disciplinary action, coercive
8	action, or sanction taken by an institution
9	of higher education or administrative unit
10	of such institution.
11	"(ii) An oral or written warning with
12	respect to an action described in clause (i)
13	made by an official of an institution of
14	higher education acting in their official ca-
15	pacity.
16	"(iii) An action to deny participation
17	in any education program or activity, in-
18	cluding the withholding of any rights,
19	privileges, or opportunities afforded other
20	students on campus.
21	"(iv) An action to withhold, in whole
22	or in part, any financial assistance (includ-
23	ing scholarships and on-campus employ-
24	ment), or denying the opportunity to apply
25	for financial assistance, a scholarship, a

1	graduate fellowship, or on-campus employ-
2	ment.
3	"(v) An action to deny or restrict ac-
4	cess to on-campus housing.
5	"(vi) An act to deny any certification,
6	endorsement, or letter of recommendation
7	that may be required by a student's cur-
8	rent or future employer, a government
9	agency, a licensing board, an institution of
10	higher education, a scholarship program,
11	or a graduate fellowship to which the stu-
12	dent applies or seeks to apply.
13	"(vii) An action to deny participation
14	in any sports team, club, or other student
15	organization, including a denial of any
16	leadership position in any sports team,
17	club, or other student organization.
18	"(viii) An action to withdraw the in-
19	stitution's official recognition of such orga-
20	nization.
21	"(ix) An action to require any student
22	to certify that such student is not a mem-
23	ber of a single-sex social organization or to
24	disclose the student's membership in a sin-
25	gle-sex social organization.

1	"(x) An action to interject an institu-
2	tion's own criteria into the membership
3	practices of the organization in any man-
4	ner that conflicts with the rights of such
5	organization under title IX of the Edu-
6	cation Amendments of 1972 (20 U.S.C.
7	1681 et seq.) or this subsection.
8	"(xi) An action to impose additional
9	requirements on advisors serving a single-
10	sex social organization that are not im-
11	posed on all other student organizations.
12	"(B) SINGLE-SEX SOCIAL ORGANIZA-
13	TION.—The term 'single-sex social organization'
14	means—
15	"(i) a social fraternity or sorority de-
16	scribed in section 501(c) of the Internal
17	Revenue Code of 1986 which is exempt
18	from taxation under section 501(a) of such
19	Code, or an organization that has been his-
20	torically single-sex, the active membership
21	of which consists primarily of students or
22	alumni of an institution of higher edu-
23	cation; or
24	"(ii) a single-sex private social club
25	(including an independent organization lo-

1	cated off-campus) that consists primarily
2	of students or alumni of an institution of
3	higher education.".
4	SEC. 5. FREE SPEECH ON CAMPUS.
5	The Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001
6	et seq.), as amended by section 4 of this Act, is further
7	amended by inserting after section 112C the following new
8	section:
9	"SEC. 112D. FREE SPEECH ON CAMPUS.
10	"(a) In General.—A covered public institution
11	shall—
12	"(1) at each orientation for new and transfer
13	students, provide students attending the orienta-
14	tion—
15	"(A) a written statement that—
16	"(i) explains the rights of students
17	under the First Amendment to the Con-
18	stitution;
19	"(ii) affirms the importance of, and
20	the commitment of the institution to, free-
21	dom of expression; and
22	"(iii) includes assurances that stu-
23	dents, and individuals invited by students
24	to speak at the institution, will not be
25	treated in a manner that violates the free-

1	dom of expression of such students or indi-
2	viduals; and
3	"(B) educational programming (including
4	online resources) that describes their free
5	speech rights and responsibilities under the
6	First Amendment to the Constitution; and
7	"(2) post on the publicly accessible website of
8	the institution the statement described in paragraph
9	(1)(A).
10	"(b) Campus Free Speech and Restoration.—
11	"(1) Definition of Expressive activi-
12	TIES.—In this subsection, the term 'expressive activ-
13	ity'—
14	"(A) includes—
15	"(i) peacefully assembling, protesting,
16	speaking, or listening;
17	"(ii) distributing literature;
18	"(iii) carrying a sign;
19	"(iv) circulating a petition; or
20	"(v) other expressive activities guar-
21	anteed under the First Amendment to the
22	Constitution;
23	"(B) applies equally to religious expression
24	as it does to non-religious expression; and

1	"(C) does not include unprotected speech
2	(as defined by the precedents of the Supreme
3	Court of the United States).
4	"(2) Expressive activities at an institu-
5	TION.—
6	"(A) In general.—A covered public insti-
7	tution may not prohibit, subject to subpara-
8	graph (B), a person from freely engaging in
9	noncommercial expressive activity in a generally
10	accessible area on the institution's campus if
11	the person's conduct is lawful. The publicly ac-
12	cessible outdoor areas of campuses of public in-
13	stitutions of higher education shall be regulated
14	pursuant to rules applicable to traditional pub-
15	lie forums.
16	"(B) Restrictions.—A covered public in-
17	stitution may not maintain or enforce time,
18	place, or manner restrictions on an expressive
19	activity in a generally accessible area of the in-
20	stitution's campus unless the restriction—
21	"(i) is narrowly tailored in further-
22	ance of a significant governmental interest;
23	"(ii) is based on published, content-
24	neutral, and viewpoint-neutral criteria;

1	"(iii) leaves open ample alternative
2	channels for communication; and
3	"(iv) provides for spontaneous assem-
4	bly and distribution of literature.
5	"(C) APPLICATION.—The protections pro-
6	vided under subparagraph (A) do not apply to
7	expressive activity in an area on an institution's
8	campus that is not a generally accessible area.
9	"(D) Nonapplication to service acad-
10	EMIES.—This subsection shall not apply to an
11	institution of higher education whose primary
12	purpose is the education of individuals for the
13	military services of the United States, or the
14	merchant marine.
15	"(c) Prohibition on Use of Political Tests.—
16	"(1) In general.—A covered public institution
17	may not consider, require, or discriminate on the
18	basis of a political test in the admission, appoint-
19	ment, hiring, employment, or promotion of any cov-
20	ered individual, or in the granting of tenure to any
21	covered individual.
22	"(2) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in
23	this subsection shall be construed—
24	"(A) to prohibit an institution of higher
25	education whose primary purpose is the edu-

1	cation of individuals for the military services of
2	the United States, or the merchant marine,
3	from requiring an applicant, student, or em-
4	ployee to take an oath to uphold the Constitu-
5	tion of the United States;
6	"(B) to prohibit an institution of higher
7	education from requiring a student, faculty
8	member, or employee to comply with Federal or
9	State anti-discrimination laws or from taking
10	action against a student, faculty member, or
11	employee for violations of Federal or State anti-
12	discrimination laws, as applicable;
13	"(C) to prohibit an institution of higher
14	education from evaluating a prospective stu-
15	dent, an employee, or a prospective employee
16	based on their knowingly providing material
17	support or resources to an organization des-
18	ignated as a foreign terrorist organization pur-
19	suant to section 219 of the Immigration and
20	Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1189);
21	"(D) to prohibit an institution of higher
22	education from considering the subject-matter
23	competency including the research and creative
24	works, of any candidate for a faculty position or
25	faculty member considered for promotion when

1	the subject matter is germane to their given
2	field of scholarship; or
3	"(E) to apply to activities of registered
4	student organizations.
5	"(3) Definitions.—In this subsection:
6	"(A) COVERED INDIVIDUAL.—The term
7	'covered individual' means, with respect to an
8	institution of higher education that is a public
9	institution—
10	"(i) a prospective student who has
11	submitted an application to attend such in-
12	stitution;
13	"(ii) a student who attends such insti-
14	tution;
15	"(iii) a prospective employee who has
16	submitted an application to work at such
17	institution;
18	"(iv) an employee who works at such
19	institution;
20	"(v) a prospective faculty member
21	who has submitted an application to work
22	at such institution; and
23	"(vi) a faculty member who works at
24	such institution.

1	"(B) Material support or re-
2	SOURCES.—The term 'material support or re-
3	sources' has the meaning given that term in
4	section 2339A of title 18, United States Code
5	(including the definitions of 'training' and 'ex-
6	pert advice or assistance' in that section).
7	"(C) POLITICAL TEST.—The term 'political
8	test' means a method of compelling or soliciting
9	an applicant for enrollment or employment, stu-
10	dent, or employee of an institution of higher
11	education to identify commitment to or make a
12	statement of personal belief in support of any
13	ideology or movement that—
14	"(i) supports or opposes a specific
15	partisan or political set of beliefs;
16	"(ii) supports or opposes a particular
17	viewpoint on a social or political issue; or
18	"(iii) promotes the disparate treat-
19	ment of any individual or group of individ-
20	uals on the basis of race, color, or national
21	origin, including—
22	"(I) any initiative or formulation
23	of diversity, equity, and inclusion be-
24	yond upholding existing Federal law;
25	or

1	"(II) any theory or practice that
2	holds that systems or institutions up-
3	holding existing Federal law are rac-
4	ist, oppressive, or otherwise unjust.".
5	SEC. 6. ENFORCEMENT.
6	(a) Program Participation Agreement.—Section
7	487(a) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C.
8	1094(a)) is amended by adding at the end the following:
9	"(30)(A) In the case of an institution that is a
10	public institution, the institution will comply with all
11	the requirements of sections 112B through 112D.
12	"(B) In the case of an institution that is not a
13	public institution, the institution will comply with
14	sections $112B$ and $112C(c)$.
15	"(C) An institution that fails to comply with
16	section 112B or 112C(c) shall—
17	"(i) be ineligible to participate in the pro-
18	grams authorized by this title for a period of
19	not less than 1 award year; and
20	"(ii) in order to regain eligibility to partici-
21	pate in such programs, demonstrate compliance
22	with all requirements of such section for not
23	less than one award year after the award year
24	in which such institution became ineligible.".

1	(b) Cause of Action.—The Higher Education Act
2	of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001 et seq.), as amended by section
3	5 of this Act, is further amended by inserting after section
4	112D the following new section:
5	"SEC. 112E. ENFORCEMENT.
6	"(a) Cause of Action.—
7	"(1) Civil action.—After exhaustion of any
8	available appeals under section 112C(a), an ag-
9	grieved individual who, or an aggrieved organization
10	that, is harmed by the maintenance of a policy or
11	practice by a covered public institution that is in vio-
12	lation of a requirement described in section 112B,
13	112C, or 112D may bring a civil action in a Federal
14	court for appropriate relief.
15	"(2) Appropriate relief.—For the purposes
16	of this subsection, appropriate relief includes—
17	"(A) a temporary or permanent injunction;
18	and
19	"(B) awarding a prevailing plaintiff—
20	"(i) compensatory damages;
21	"(ii) reasonable court costs; and
22	"(iii) reasonable attorney's fees.
23	"(3) Statute of Limitations.—A civil action
24	under this subsection may not be commenced later
25	than 2 years after the cause of action accrues. For

1	purposes of calculating the two-year limitation pe-
2	riod, each day that the violation of a requirement
3	described in section 112B, 112C, or 112D persists,
4	and each day that a policy in violation of a require-
5	ment described in section 112B, 112C, or 112D re-
6	mains in effect, shall constitute a new day that the
7	cause of action has accrued.
8	"(b) Non-default, Final Judgment.—In the case
9	of a court's non-default, final judgment in a civil action
10	brought under subsection (a) that a covered public institu-
11	tion is in violation of a requirement described in section
12	112B, 112C, or 112D, such covered public institution
13	shall—
14	"(1) not later than 7 days after the date on
15	which the court makes such a non-default, final
16	judgment, notify the Secretary of such judgment and
17	submit to the Secretary a copy of the non-default,
18	final judgment; and
19	"(2) not later than 30 days after the date on
20	which the court makes such a non-default, final
21	judgment, submit to the Secretary a report that—
22	"(A) certifies that the standard, policy,
23	practice, or procedure that is in violation of the
24	requirement described in section 112B, 112C,
25	or 112D is no longer in use; and

1	"(B) provides evidence to support such cer-
2	tification.
3	"(c) REVOCATION OF ELIGIBILITY.—In the case of
4	a covered public institution that does not notify the Sec-
5	retary as required under subsection (b)(1) or submit the
6	report required under subsection (b)(2), the Secretary
7	shall revoke the eligibility of such institution to participate
8	in a program authorized under title IV for each award
9	year following the conclusion of the award year in which
10	a court made a non-default, final judgment in a civil ac-
11	tion brought under subsection (a) that the institution is
12	in violation of a requirement described in section 112B,
13	112C, or 112D.
14	"(d) Restoration of Eligibility.—
15	"(1) In general.—A covered public institution
15 16	"(1) IN GENERAL.—A covered public institution that loses eligibility under subsection (c) to partici-
16	that loses eligibility under subsection (c) to partici-
16 17	that loses eligibility under subsection (c) to participate in a program authorized under title IV may
16 17 18	that loses eligibility under subsection (c) to partici- pate in a program authorized under title IV may seek to restore such eligibility by submitting to the
16 17 18 19	that loses eligibility under subsection (c) to participate in a program authorized under title IV may seek to restore such eligibility by submitting to the Secretary the report described in subsection (b)(2).
16 17 18 19 20	that loses eligibility under subsection (c) to participate in a program authorized under title IV may seek to restore such eligibility by submitting to the Secretary the report described in subsection (b)(2). "(2) Determination by the secretary.—
116 117 118 119 220 221	that loses eligibility under subsection (c) to participate in a program authorized under title IV may seek to restore such eligibility by submitting to the Secretary the report described in subsection (b)(2). "(2) Determination by the secretary.— Not later than 90 days after a covered public insti-
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	that loses eligibility under subsection (c) to participate in a program authorized under title IV may seek to restore such eligibility by submitting to the Secretary the report described in subsection (b)(2). "(2) Determination by the secretary.— Not later than 90 days after a covered public institution submits a report under paragraph (1), the

1	institution is no longer in violation of a requirement
2	described in section 112B, 112C, or 112D.
3	"(3) Restoration.—If the Secretary makes a
4	determination under paragraph (2) that the covered
5	public institution is no longer in violation of a re-
6	quirement described in section 112B, 112C, or
7	112D, the Secretary shall restore the eligibility of
8	such institution to participate in a program author-
9	ized under title IV for each award year following the
10	conclusion of the award year in which such deter-
11	mination is made.
12	"(e) Report to Congress.—Not later than 1 year
13	after the date of the enactment of this section, and on
14	an annual basis thereafter, the Secretary shall submit to
15	the Committee on Education and the Workforce of the
16	House of Representatives and the Senate Committee on
17	Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions a report that in-
18	cludes—
19	"(1) a compilation of—
20	"(A) the notifications of violation received
21	by the Secretary under subsection (b)(1) in the
22	year for which such report is being submitted;
23	and

1	"(B) the reports submitted to the Sec-
2	retary under subsection (b)(2) for such year;
3	and
4	"(2) any action taken by the Secretary revoke
5	or restore eligibility under subsections (c) and (d)
6	for such year.
7	"(f) Voluntary Waiver of State and Local
8	Sovereign Immunity as Condition of Receiving
9	FEDERAL FUNDING.—The receipt, on or after the date
10	of enactment of this section, of any Federal funding under
11	title IV of this Act by a State or political subdivision of
12	a State (including any municipal or county government)
13	is deemed to constitute a clear and unequivocal expression
14	of, and agreement to, waiving sovereign immunity under
15	the 11th Amendment to the Constitution or otherwise, to
16	a civil action for injunctive relief, compensatory damages,
17	court costs, and attorney's fees under this section.
18	"(g) Definition.—In this section, the term 'non-de-
19	fault, final judgment' means a final judgment by a court
20	for a civil action brought under subsection (a) that a cov-
21	ered public institution is in violation of a requirement de-
22	scribed in section 112B, 112C, or 112D that the covered
23	public institution chooses not to appeal or that is not sub-
24	ject to further appeal.".